Professor(s): Arthur Burger

Mon. 4:00 – 6:00 pm EST | **Final Exam:** Tues. May 6, 12:00 pm EST

Reading(s): The sole text to purchase is the <u>Model Rules of Professional Conduct</u>, 2024 Ed, published by the American Bar Association, ISBN No. 9781639052998. All other assigned readings, consisting of ABA Ethics Opinions, court cases and other materials, will be posted on TWEN, along with the PowerPoint slides discussed below.

Communication(s): aburger@jackscamp.com

Jackson & Campbell, P.C.

2300 N Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20037

Office Hours: By appointment.

INSTRUCTOR BACKGROUND

As a practicing lawyer at Jackson & Campbell, P.C., where I am now Of Counsel and semi-retired, my practice for the last twenty-five years has consisted solely of representing law firms and lawyers in connection with their legal obligations in representing clients. My representation has included defense of lawyers in legal malpractice suits and in disciplinary investigations and proceedings, as well as providing advice to lawyers and law firms on how to avoid such claims. From 2015 to 2017, I was a member of the ABA Standing Committee on Ethics and Professional Responsibility, which issues Ethics Opinions and assists the ABA in considering revisions to the ABA Model Rules of Professional Conduct. Before that, I was a member of the D.C. Bar Legal Ethics Committee and then served as an elected D.C. Bar Delegate

to the ABA House of Delegates. More recently, I served a three-year term on the Board of Editors of the ABA/BNA Manual of Professional Conduct, and I am a member of the Association of Professional Responsibility Lawyers ("APRL"). I have also testified occasionally as an expert witness in legal ethics in civil litigation.

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Do I have an "agenda" for this course? Yes, and it's neither "political" nor doctrinal.

Rather, my goal is very straightforward: To convey to you in the time we have together as much of my knowledge and understanding of this body of law that I can, and to do so in as understandable and memorable a manner as I can. That's my North Star. My focus is on how much I can teach you. A sense of humor is allowed, and I can't promise that there won't be some bad jokes.

As to the subject area, regardless of the type of legal work you do as a lawyer, whether as a litigator or advisor and whether in private practice or as a government official, or as an employee of an entity, your conduct must conform to the legal mandates covered by this course.

Accordingly, this course will instruct you on the behavior that all those with whom you interact—including clients (whether they be organizations or persons), prospective clients, former clients, courts and other tribunals, co-counsel, opposing counsel, adversaries, colleagues, third parties and others—have a right to expect and demand from you. These legal mandates are codified in the ABA Model Rules of Professional Conduct, with such modifications as are promulgated in each State.

There's a very common (and hazardous) misconception by law students that these legal mandates are mostly obvious and can be divined by mere intuition or "common sense it.

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But the legally correct assessment of a lawyer's ethical duties under varied fact patterns can be as difficult as are questions under contract law, civil procedure, tax law or any other substantive area of law. As with other legal subjects, a proper legal assessment often requires a full understanding of the applicable principles and how those principles interact when they conflict.

Some of the complexity of legal ethics stems from the need to reconcile the ethical duties that lawyers owe—not just to their clients—but also to tribunals, adversaries, third parties and others, and the tension between those competing duties under various circumstances. The appropriate resolution of these duties can shift based on subtle changes in the facts. Other complexities stem from such present-day realities as the pervasive use of numerous electronic documents as evidence, the use of AI, the need to apply conflicts of interest principles to large law firms with offices in multiple cities, the frequency of lawyers moving from one job to another throughout their careers and relatively recent concerns about economic harm to third parties from financial misconduct by corporate clients. Further, much of the troublesome nature of the circumstances lawyer's face derives from the high-stakes controversies with which they are often embroiled and the accompanying passions of the parties, whether they be a lawyer's own clients or their clients' adversaries. Sometimes it's not pretty.

A related common misconception among law students is that this course likely consists of needless "nagging" of them with platitudes. If that were all this course were about, I would have no interest in teaching it. Again, students should recognize the subject matter of this course as academically rich and challenging, and requiring similar careful study and attention as do other courses in law school.

We will also discuss how the law of legal ethics interacts with other areas of law. The dictates of legal ethics do not operate in a vacuum. Rather, as with all substantive and procedural law, the law of legal ethics is affected by other law and works as part of a coherent, integrated legal system. Thus, for example, the ethical duties of lawyers when acting as prosecutors or representing defendants in a criminal trial, are impacted by the constitutional rights that such defendants possess. To me, the symmetry of this is one of the reasons this subject area fascinates me.

In addition to studying the ethical duties of lawyers, this course includes a study of the ethical duties of state court judges, which are codified in the ABA Model Rules of Judicial Conduct.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

Students will be able to demonstrate basic knowledge of the ABA Model Rules of Professional Conduct.

Students will be able to explain how the agent-principal relationship between lawyers and their clients, and the associated fiduciary duties that lawyers have to their clients, are reflected in the ABA Model Rules of Professional Conduct.

Students will be able to identify the ethical duties that a lawyer, acting as an advocate, owes to her client, her clients' adversaries, affected tribunals, and to other affected parties, and determine how those duties should be reconciled under a hypothetical series of facts.

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Students will be able to identify the ethical duties that apply to a lawyer when acting as an advisor and be aware of how the various duties owed to affected parties should affect the choices they make under various hypothetical scenarios.

Students will be able to demonstrate basic knowledge of the ABA Model Rules of Judicial Conduct.

Students will be able to communicate orally and in writhing their knowledge of the above-stated matters.

GRADING & PARTICIPATION

Final Exam

It will be a closed-book objective test, using a combination of multiple choice and

"true/false" questions. Topics will encompass all assigned readings and all matters discussed in class. Students will NOT be asked to recite or identify Rule numbers or subsections, but rather will be tested on their understanding of the principles in those Rules and other authorities and the application of those principles to hypothetical situations.

POWERPOINT SLIDES AND LEGAL ETHICS VIDEOS



To assist students in absorbing the material, I will use PowerPoint slides during each class to help organize the material. These PowerPoint slides will also be available on TWEN and students may find it helpful to consult the slides before class or use them to assist in note taking.

I will also use two sets of legal ethics video vignettes, presenting hypothetical scenarios that illustrate ethical dilemmas that lawyers face. One set of videos consist of ten vignettes that were produced last year at Scalia Law School by GMU-TV, with Scalia students & faculty.

See https://www.law.gmu.edu/news/2024/instructional_ethics_videos_now_available_for_professors_and_attorneys as posted on "Scalia Spotlights" on the school's web page. These videos can also be accessed for free on YoTube by searching for "GMU Legal Ethics Videos."

The other set of 12 video vignettes were produced in 2021 by APRL. These are under a pay wall and will be shown only in class.

I find that such videos help provide a relatable frame of reference that facilitates a deeper understanding of the application of various ABA Model Rules, which is more memorable than a written hypothetical. Below, I include a reference to the videos which will be used in each class and are cited as "GMU VIDEO" or "APRL VIDEO."

Questions on the Final Exam are NOT limited to scenarios depicted on the videos.

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COURSE SCHEDULE & ASSIGNMENTS

TOPICS

READING ASSIGNMENTS

Class 1

Introduction and Background

Scope of Course Morality and Legal Ethics Ethical Duties to Whom? Role of Advocate versus Role of Advisor ABA Model Rules of Professional Conduct: Preamble, Scope and Rules 1.0 (Terminology), 8.3, 8.4 and 8.5.1

How the Rules of Professional Conduct Interact with Other Law

Middlesex County Ethics Committee v. Garden State Bar Assoc. 102 S.Ct. 2515 (1982).

Sources of Law Governing
Lawyers (In addition to ABA
Model Rules)

Constitutional Law
Contracts (Retainer Agreements;
Engagement Letters)
Case Law on Agent/Principal
Relationship
Case Law on Fiduciary Duties
Case Law on Legal Malpractice
Statutes
Court Rules of Procedure

Court Rules of Procedure
Court Orders
Court's Inherent Powers
History of Lawyer Regulation and

ABA's Ethics Rules

The old ABA Canons of Professional Ethics, followed by the ABA Code of Professional Responsibility and now the ABA Model Rules of Professional Conduct Defining "Professional Misconduct"

Rule 8.4(a)

Disciplinary Authority and Choice

¹ Where an ABA Rule is assigned among the readings for a class, this includes a careful study of the Comments to each Rule as well. These Comments provide authoritative explanations of the intent and meaning of each section of the Rules, which students shall be responsible for learning. Skipping over the Comments is not advised.

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of Law

-Regulation of the legal profession, "Reciprocal Discipline," as federal and state per Part 6, Section IV, ¶¶ 13-21 of the Rules of the

Supreme Court of Virginia

- -"Self Regulation"-Rule 8.3 re duty to report
- -The disciplinary process for lawyers
- -Reciprocal discipline
- -Rule 8.5

Duty of Honesty and Integrity Honesty is Central to ABA Rules and Concept of Professional Responsibility

Applies Even Outside of Professional Work (Rule 8.4(c)) Specific Applications Later in Course Principles of "Statutory"

Interpretation

Terminology Section of ABA

Rules – (Rule 1.0)

-Various Principles That Apply in Interpreting the ABA Rules and

Other Authorities

Creation of Attorney-Client

Relationship

Class 2

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-Prospective Clients (Rule 1.18(a)) ABA Rules: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, -Retainer Agreements (Rule 1.5(b)) 1.4.1.5(b). 1.13(a). 1.14.

-Court Appointments (Rule 6.2) 1.18(a) and 6.2

Duty of Competence (Rule 1.1)

How Does Competence Implicate Restatement (Third) of the Ethics? Who Makes the Decisions? Law Governing Lawyers (Rule 1.2) <u>§14.</u>

-Scope and Goals of

Representation as Distinguished

from

Means to Reach those Goals Clients with Fraudulent or Criminal ABA Opinion 96-404-

Advising as distinguished from assisting Clients who have Criminal or Fraudulent Intentions

Duty of Diligence (Rule 1.3) Applies Equally to Advocates and

Advisors Duty to Keep Client

Informed (Rule 1.4)

Clients (Rule 1.14)

This conforms to agent-principal obligations, which constitute fiduciary duties of attorneys to their clients.

ABA Ethics Opinion No.

07-448 - Court **Appointments**

Client Under a Disability

ABA Opinion 491 **Obligations under Rule**

1.2(d)

ABA Opinion 481-

Lawver's Duty to Inform

Client of Errors

Organizations as Clients (Rule VIDEOS

1.13(a)) Brief introduction to topic of entity clients Impaired GMU VIDEO No. 6 APRL

VIDEO No. 1

Class 3

Retainer Agreements, Fees,

Costs and Billing (Rule 1.5)

Retainer Agreements, Required ABA Opinion 02-425 Elements

Retainer Agreements, Elective

Types of Fee Arrangements

Reasonableness

Contingency Fees Illegal Fees

Statutory Fees Fee Shifting Statutes

- Fee Sharing

ABA Rules: 1.5 and 1.15

Arbitration Clause in Retainer

Agreement

ABA Opinion 93-379

Billing

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Care of Property of Others In re Addams, 579 A.2d 190 (Rule 1.15) (D.C. 1990).

- Holding Property Clients and

Third Parties

- Funds (Trust Accounts. IOLTAs and other Escrow

Accounts)

Holding Other Types of

Personal Property

Keeping Property Separate and Secure (Avoid "Commingling")

- Misappropriation, the

"THIRD RAIL"

Presumption of disbarment for misappropriation (In re

Addams)

GMU VIDEO Nos. 2, 5 and

ABA Rules: 7.1, 7.2, 7.3,

ABA Opinion No. 10-457 Law

7.4, 7.5, 7.6 and 8.4(e).

ABA Opinion No. 501-

Firm Web Sites

Solicition

Virginia Rule on "IOLTAs,"

Section IV of the Rules of the

from Part 6

Virginia

VIDEOS

Supreme Court of

APRL VIDEO No. 8.

Class 4 Advertising and Solicitation

Historical Aversion of Advertising and Soliciting Bates (Old Notions Begin to

Crack)

Hazards of In-Person Solicitation (Ohralick)

Political Expression and Non-**Commercial Considerations** (In re Primus) (Rule 7.3)

Use of "Runners"

Targeted Solicitation (Rule 7.3) What is "Misleading?" (Rule 7.1)

Holding Out as an Expert or

Specialist (7.4) Firm Names (7.5)

Letterhead Firm Websites

Claims of Special Influence

(8.4(e))

Duty of Confidentiality and

Attorney-Client Privilege

- Policy Bases

ABA Rules: 1.6, 1.8(b),

1.9(c), 1.13, 1.18 and

4.5(b).

Upjohn v. U.S., 449 U.S. 383 When Duty Attaches

(1981)

To Whom Is Duty Owed?

Present Clients (Rule 1.6)

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6147123v1

Classes

<u>5 & 6</u>

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Prospective Clients (Rule 1.18) ABA Opinion 480

Past Clients (Rule 1.9)

Exceptions (Rule 1.6 (b)(1) to Confidentiality Obligations for

Lawyer Blogging Facts versus Communications

Contrast with Attorney-Client

Privilege (*Upjohn*)

- Inadvertent Production of ABA Opinion 477R- Securing Privileged Material (Rules Communication of

1.6(c) and 4.4(b))

"Using" versus "Revealing" Client Information (Rule

1.8(b)Confidentiality with

Organization as Client (Rule

1.13)

Post-Enron Principles (Sarbanes-Oxley etc.)

Protected Client Information

VIDEOS

APRL VIDEO No. 13.

ABA Rules 3.1, 3.2, 3.3,

Duties to Tribunal When an

Advocate

- Lawyer as "Officer of Court" 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.8, 3.9 and 4.4.

Fed. R. Civ. P. 11

ABA Ethics Opinion 508- The

Candor to Tribunal Regarding Ethics of Witness

Facts, Evidence and Legal Arguments (Rule 3.1 and 3.3)

Differences in Civil and

Criminal Cases

Preparation

Frivolous Claims (Rule 3.1)

Delay (Rule 3.2)

VIDEOS

Fairness to Others (Rule 3.4)

Assertions of Personal Knowledge or Opinion (Rule

3.4)

"Data Mining" Court Orders

APRL VIDEO Nos. 3, 5

GMU VIDEO No. 9.

and 6.

Decorum (Rule 3.5)

Ex Parte Contact (Rule 3.5

Publicity (Rule 3.6)

Lawyer as Witness (Rule 3.7) Non-adjudicative Proceedings

(Rule 3.9)

- Pro Bono Publico (Rule 6.1)

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Class 7

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Class 8	Duties to Adversaries and Others When Acting as an Advocate Adversaries (and their employees) (Rules 3.4, 4.1 and 4.2) Physical Evidence and Spoliation (Rule 3.4) Unrepresented Persons (Rules 3.4, 4.1 and 4.3) Represented Persons (Rule 3.4 and 4.2) Witnesses and Others (Rules 3.4, 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3) Termination of Attorney-Client Relationship When/How to Terminate Relationship	ABA Rule 1.16 ABA Opinion 471-Ethical Obligations of Lawyers to
	Mandatory Withdrawal Permissible Withdrawal Court Approval Duties Upon Withdrawal "Noisy Withdrawal"	Surrender Papers and Property VIDEOS APRL VIDEO No. 3.
<u>Classes</u>	Duty of Loyalty and Conflicts of Interest	ABA Rules: 1.7, 1.8, 1.9,
<u>9 & 10</u>	Basic Concepts Duties to current clients (Rule 1.7)	1.10, 1.11, 1.12, 1.18 and 3.7.
	Direct adversity (Rule 1.7(a)(1) Potential conflicts in joint representation of multiple clients	Sanford v. Commonwealth of Virginia, 687 F.Supp.2d
	in a single matter. Sanford v. <u>Virginia</u> "Punch-pulling conflicts (Rule 1.7(a)(2) Issue or "Positional" Conflicts	ABA Opinion No. 05-436-
	Joint representation of multiple clients in a matter Duties to former clients (Rule 1.9)	Advance Waivers
	The substantial-relationship test Duties to prospective clients (Rule 1.18) Government lawyers who move to private practice	Article by A. Burger on Advance Waivers (published by the

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(Rule 1.11) <u>ABA/Bloomberg Manual of</u>

- Former judges and law clerks Professional Conduct

(Rule 1.12)

Imputation of Conflicts (Rule ABA Opinion 95-390- Conflicts

1.10) in Corporate

Consent to Conflicts (Rule

1.7(b)

Advance Waivers

Corporate Affiliates Family

Lawyer as Witness (Rule 3.7)

- Rule 1.8 Prohibitions and restrictions re interactions

with clients

Screening and Remedies <u>VIDEOS</u>

Attorney Migration (Rules 1.9 GMU VIDEO Nos. 1, 3 and

and 1.10) 8.

Motions to Disqualify APRL VIDEO Nos. 2, 4

Opposing Counsel and 7.

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Class 11

<u>Special Roles</u>
-Lawyer as prosecutor (Rule 2.4, 3.8, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4,

5.6 and 8.4(g).

-Evaluations for Third Parties ABA Opinion 486- Obligations (Rule 2.3) of Prosecutors in Negotiating

as third-party neutral (Rule 2.4)Pleas for Misdemeanors

-Amicus Counsel

Law Firms

Use of AI ABA Opinion 512-Use of

-New Prohibition of Generative AI

Discrimination (Has a broad

scope) (Rule 8.4(g)) <u>Attorney Grievance Comm'n of</u>

<u>Md. v.</u>

McDowell, 93 A.3d 711

ABA Rules: 8.1 and 5.5

(MD 2022)

-Forms of Organization ABA Opinion 498-Virtual

-Roles of Non-Lawyer Practice Employees **VIDEOS**

-Lawyer as Supervisor of GMU VIDEO Nos. 4 and 10 Lawyers (Rule 5.1) APRL VIDEO Nos. 9 and 11

-Supervisor of Non-Lawyer Employees (Rule 5.3) -Lawyer as Subordinate to Supervisor (Rule 5.2)

-Lawyers as Firm Managers

(Rules 5.1 and 5.3)
-Restrictions on Right to

Practice (Rule 5.6)

-Fee Sharing with Lawyers

Not in same Firm

-Multidisciplinary Practice

Virtual Law Firms

-Fiduciary Duties Among

Partners

Sale of law firms (Rule 1.17)

Class 12

Unauthorized Practice of Law

Admission to State Bars

Admission the Bars of Specific

Courts

-Ethical Duty to Avoid - Rule

5.5

Defining "Practice of Law"
Unauthorized Practice by
Lawyers (Multi-jurisdictional
Issues) (*Birbrower* and Rule

5.5)

Admission to Practice (Rule

8.1)

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Pro Hac Vice Admissions Unauthorized Practice Rules of Non-lawyer online services for the Supreme Court of Virginia consumers (LegalZoom etc.) ABA Opinion 495-Lawyers Ethics Rules for Practice Working Remotely

Before Some Federal Agencies

-Federal Preemption LegalZoom v. South Carolina

State Bar, (Sperry v. Florida)

Sperry v. Florida, 373 U.S. 379 -Use of State Ethics Rules

(1963)

Class 13 Judicial Conduct

> Sources of Law Judicial Immunity

Outside Activities

Appearance of Impropriety ABA Rule: 8.2

Abuse of Office

Competence and Diligence

Conduct (Entire) ABA Opinion 488-Judges' Impartiality-Recusal

Political Activities Social or Personal

Relationships as Grounds for

ABA Model Code of Judicial

Recusal or Disqualification